Half maximal effective concentration (EC50 of the Linear Alkylbenzene Sulfonate (LAS) on the green marine microalgae *Nannochloropsis oculata*

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Received date: 2018.11.15 Reception date: 2019.03.19

Abstract

In the present study, half maximal effective concentration (EC $_{50}$) of the Linear Alkylbenzene Sulfonate on microalgae *Nannochloropsis oculata* were investigated. The experiment was carried out with seven treatments (six main treatments and one control) with three replications in 25 °C and pH of 6.9 for 72 hours on July 2017. The concentration of linear alkyl benzene sulfonate in first to six treatments were 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5, and 7 mg/l, respectively. After the experiment and counting the microalgae, inhibitory concentration percent was calculated in each treatment. Also, half maximal effective concentration (EC $_{50}$) was calculated using with probit regression test. EC $_{50}$ was obtained 3.05 mg/l. The level of detergents in marine ecosystems is rising; therefore, in order to reduce their irreparable damage to aquatic organisms, especially microalgae organisms, detergents with high degradability should be used instead of detergents that create very persistent foam.

Keywords: Microalgae *Nannochloropsis oculata*, Surfactants, Linear alkyl benzene sulfonates, Inhibitory concentrations.